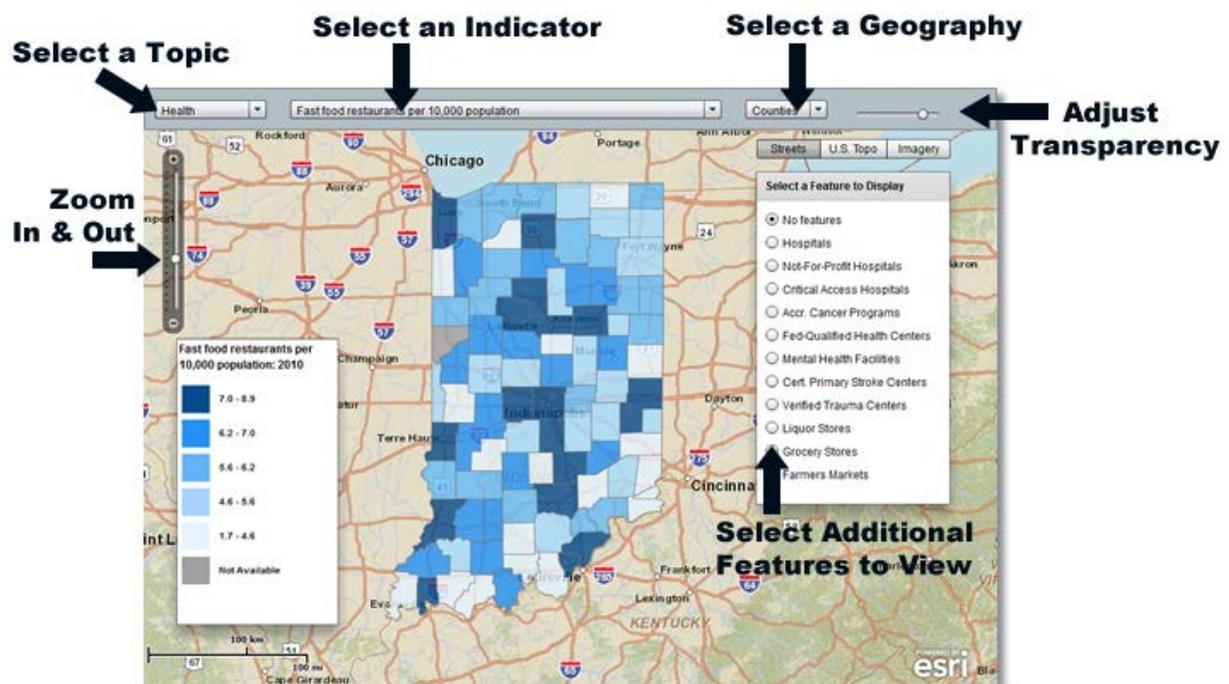


Maps

First and foremost, this tool was developed with ease-of-use in mind. Pick an indicator to show as a thematic map, choose the geography (county, township, school district) and then choose among multiple assets to show on the map.

Second, you never leave the page. Your choices are followed by results—you never have to drill in or get a popup window or fall down the rabbit hole in search of your map.



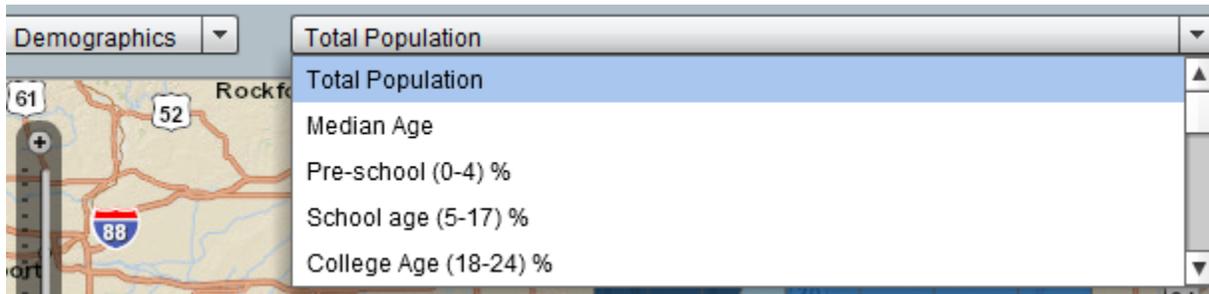
A download feature is not currently available, so you will need to do a screenshot in order to copy or print the map.

Third, we show a selective number of indicators, those that benefit from being shown on the map and for which we have current, geographically comprehensive county data. We also didn't want to overwhelm users, as can so often happen with GIS tools. We want users to be able to ponder what they are seeing, to zoom in if they have chosen to see townships or school districts (when data are available for those geographies), and to see the intersection of say, income with access to grocery stores.

All of that being said, we would appreciate your feedback on this visualization tool—please don't hesitate to provide comments via this link: <http://indianaindicators.org/Comments.aspx>.

Thematic Maps Available

A variety of topics are available, including basic demographics, education attainment, health, housing, income, and transportation. First, choose a topic and then select a specific indicator, as shown in the example below.



A complete listing of the topics and indicators is available at the end of this document.

Features Available

Showing point (location specific) features on the thematic map can provide a powerful view that can sometimes provide critical insights. One example would be select one of the poverty indicators as a theme and then select through the features to see proximity of hospitals to areas with very poor populations.

The current features (or assets) available include multiple hospital types, including all hospitals, nonprofit, critical access, accredited cancer programs. Other features include federally qualified health centers, mental health facilities, certified primary stroke centers, and verified trauma centers. Additionally, you can view the locations and density of liquor stores, grocery stores, and farmers markets.

Sources for these features include the Indiana State Department of Health and the Indiana Business Research Center.

List of Indicators Available for Thematic Mapping

Link directly to the maps: <http://indianaindicators.org/keymaps.aspx>

There are two primary sources for the indicators provided in the maps section: U.S. Census Bureau American Community Survey data and data from the Indiana State Department of Health. The year of the data will be part of the legend that appears on the map. In the case of counties with very small population size, some data will not be shown (indicated by gray) because it wasn't available from the source.

Demographics

Total population

Median age

Pre-school (0-4) %

School age (5-17) %

College age (18-24) %

Working age young adults (25-44) %

Working age older adults (45-64) %

Older (65+) %

Black as a % of population reporting one race

Asian as a % of population reporting one race

White as a % of population reporting one race

Two races reported as a % of population

Minorities as a % of population

Total households

English-speaking only households (%)

Non-English speaking households - % of total

Education

Less than high school - % of adults 25+

High school only - % of adults 25+

Some college or more - % of adults 25+

Associate's - % of adults 25+

Bachelor's - % of adults 25+

Master's - % of adults 25+

Professional degree - % of adults 25+

Doctorate - % of adults 25+

K-12 public school enrollment

K-12 private school enrollment

K-12 charter school enrollment

K-12 total enrollment - all school types

Health

Births to teens 15 to 19 per 1,000 females

Births where prenatal care began in first trimester

Infant deaths per 1,000 live births

Fast food restaurants per 10,000 population

Adults (%) who currently lack health insurance

Children (%) under 18 who currently lack health insurance

Obese adults 18 and older (%)

Traffic fatalities per 100,000 population

Firearm deaths per 100,000 population

Suicides per 100,000 population

Breast cancer deaths (women) per 100,000 females
Lung cancer deaths per 100,000 population
Prostate cancer deaths per 100,000 males
Heart disease deaths per 100,000 population
Stroke deaths per 100,000 population
Diabetes deaths per 100,000 population

Housing

Occupied housing - % of all units
Owner occupied - % of occupied
White owner occupied (%)
Black owner occupied (%)
Hispanic owner occupied (%)
Renter occupied - % of occupied housing
White renter occupied (%)
Black renter occupied (%)
Hispanic renter occupied (%)

Income

Median household income
Current monthly unemployment rate

Private Jobs
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing - % of all jobs
Manufacturing - % of all jobs
Wholesale - % of all jobs
Retail - % of all jobs
Transportation & Warehousing - % of all jobs
Information sector - % of all jobs
Professional, Scientific, Technical Services - % of all jobs
Administrative & Support & Waste Mgt. & Remediation - % of all jobs
Educational Services - % of all jobs
Health Care & Social Services - % of all jobs
Arts, Entertainment, Recreation
Accommodation & Food Services - % of all jobs
Public Administration - % of all jobs

Average Wage
Avg. Wage by sector and industry
in private sector
in manufacturing
in wholesale trade
in retail
in transportation & warehousing
in professional, scientific, technical services

in administrative & support & waste mgt. & remediation
in educational services
in health care & social services
in arts, entertainment & recreation
in accommodation & food services
in public administration

Poverty

Poverty – population living in poverty

Poverty – % males

Poverty - % females

Poverty - % white

Poverty - % black

Poverty - % Hispanic (of any race)

Poverty - % young (under 18)

Poverty - % old (65 and older)

Less than 50% of poverty level income

50-90% of poverty level income

100-124% of poverty level income

125-149% of poverty level income

150-184% of poverty level income

185-199% of poverty level income

200% of poverty level income and over

Transportation

Car, truck or van driven to work - % of workers 16+

Drive alone to work - % of workers 16+

Carpool to work - % of workers 16+

Public transit (not taxis) - % of workers 16+

Walk to work- % of workers 16+

Work at home - % of workers 16+

Travel time to work is less than 20 minutes - % of workers 16+

Travel time is 20 to 29 minutes - % of workers 16+

Travel time is 30 to 59 minutes - % of workers 16+

Travel time is 60 + minutes - % of workers 16+

No vehicles available to the household - % of all households

One vehicles available - % of all households

Two vehicles available - % of all households

Three or more vehicles available - % of all households

For more information, please email us at ibrc@iupui.edu or INdicators@isdh.in.gov.